

# Small Animal SPECT:

## **Competing Technologies**

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# Overview: Pinhole Camera

## Motivation

*To adapt existing SPECT equipment for the imaging of small animals*

## Technologies

- Gamma Camera (Anger, 1957)
- Pinhole (Mo Ti, 500 BC)
- Computed Tomography (Hounsfield, 1971)

## Approach

- Replace collimator with a pinhole
- Adapt reconstruction algorithm

## Result

- Improved resolution
- Much lower sensitivity
- Small FOV (small rodents)

# Overview: Scanning Microscope

## Motivation

*To find a better way to image small animals*

## Related Technologies

- Rectilinear scanner for planar gamma imaging (Classen, 1950s)
- Scanning confocal microscope (Minsky 1957)
- Point-focused scanning brain SPECT (Stoddart 1978)
- Computer image deblurring

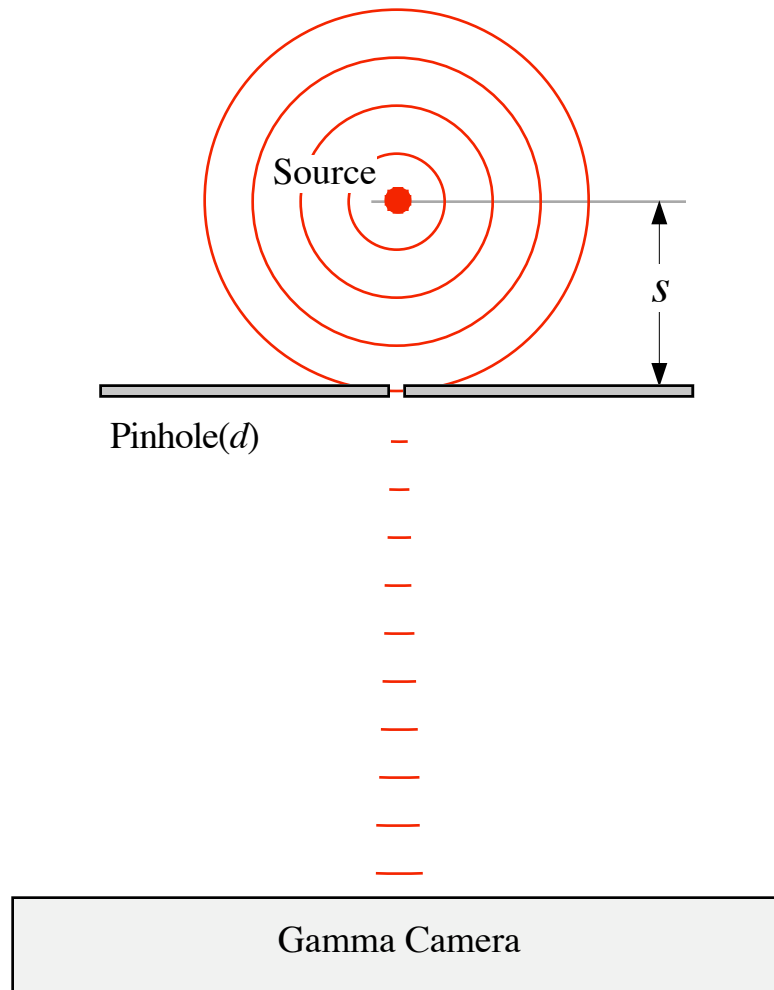
## Approach

- Mount point-focused photon counters on  $x,y,z$  translation stages
- Apply a 3D deblurring algorithm

## Result

- High resolution
- High sensitivity
- Large FOV (rodents to primates)

# Sensitivity: Pinhole Camera



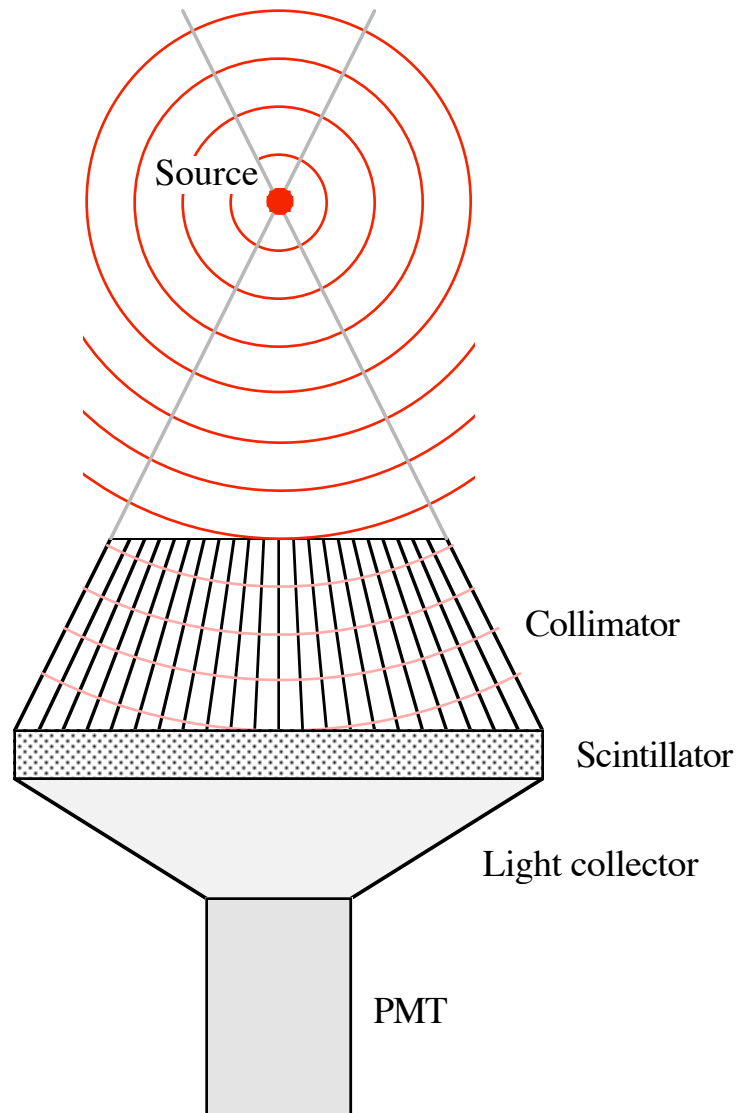
## Sensitivity

$$\frac{\text{counts}}{\text{emissions}} = \frac{\pi(d/2)^2}{4\pi s^2}$$

$d$  = pinhole diameter

$s$  = pinhole to source distance

# Sensitivity: Scanning Microscope



## Sensitivity

$$\frac{\text{counts}}{\text{emission}} = \frac{\text{collimator solid angle}}{4\pi}$$

# Sensitivity: Comparison

## Pinhole Camera

### **Sensitivity depends on**

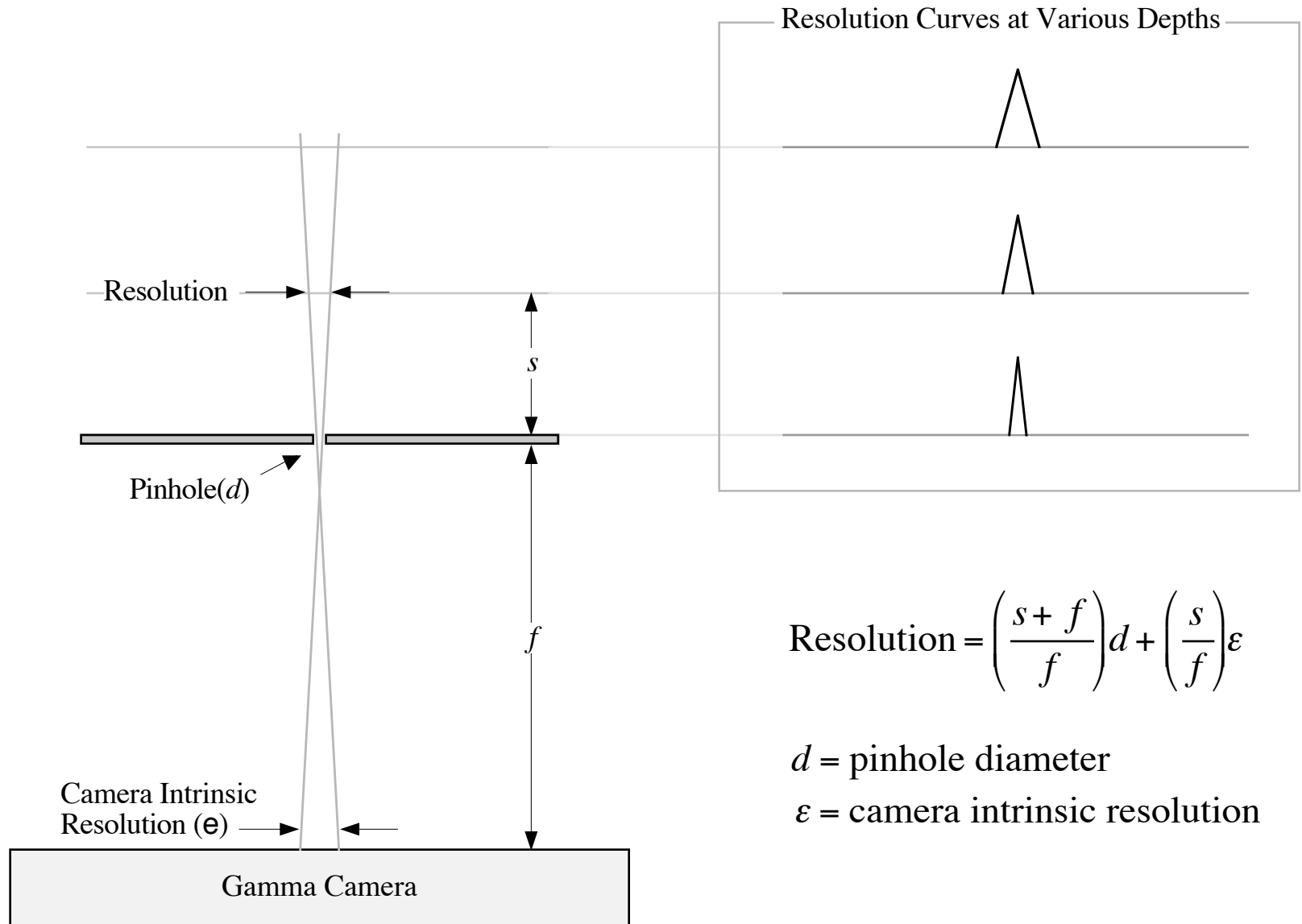
- Size of pinhole ( $d$ )
- Distance from pinhole to source ( $s$ )

## Scanning Microscope

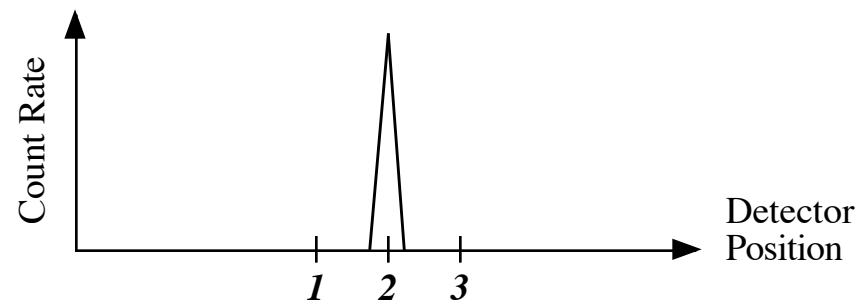
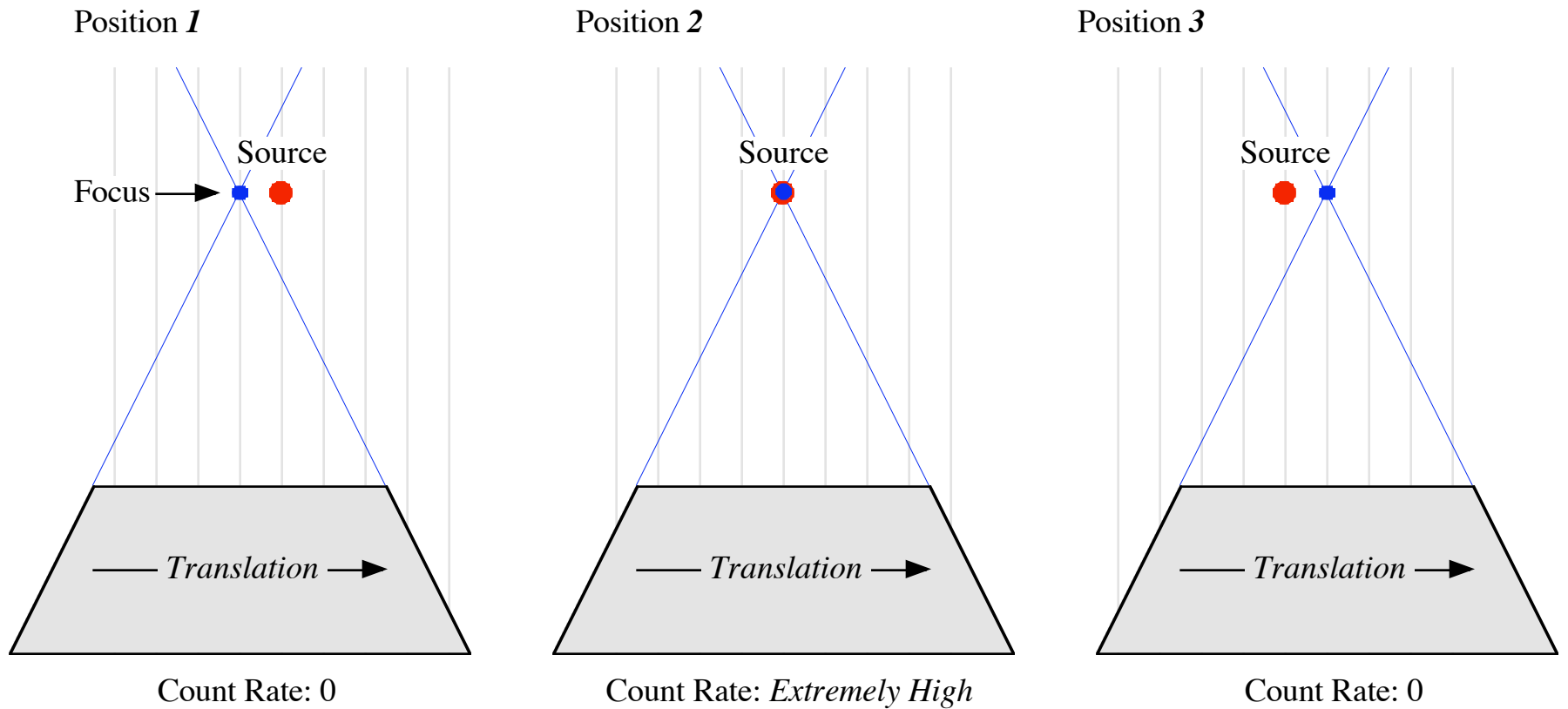
### **Sensitivity depends on**

- Geometry of the focused collimator
- Time-on-target

# Resolution: Pinhole Camera



# Resolution: Scanning Microscope



# Resolution: Comparison

## Pinhole Camera

### **Resolution depends on**

- Size of pinhole ( $d$ )
- Distance from pinhole to source ( $s$ )
- Distance from pinhole to camera ( $f$ )
- Camera intrinsic resolution ( $\epsilon$ )

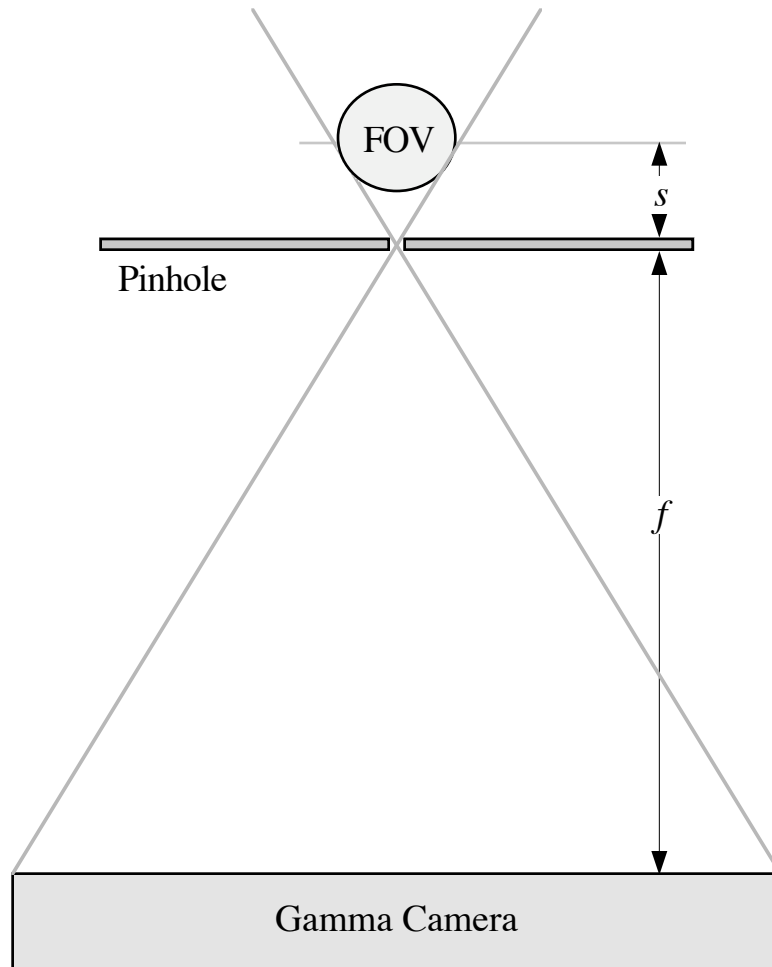
## Scanning Microscope

### **Resolution depends on**

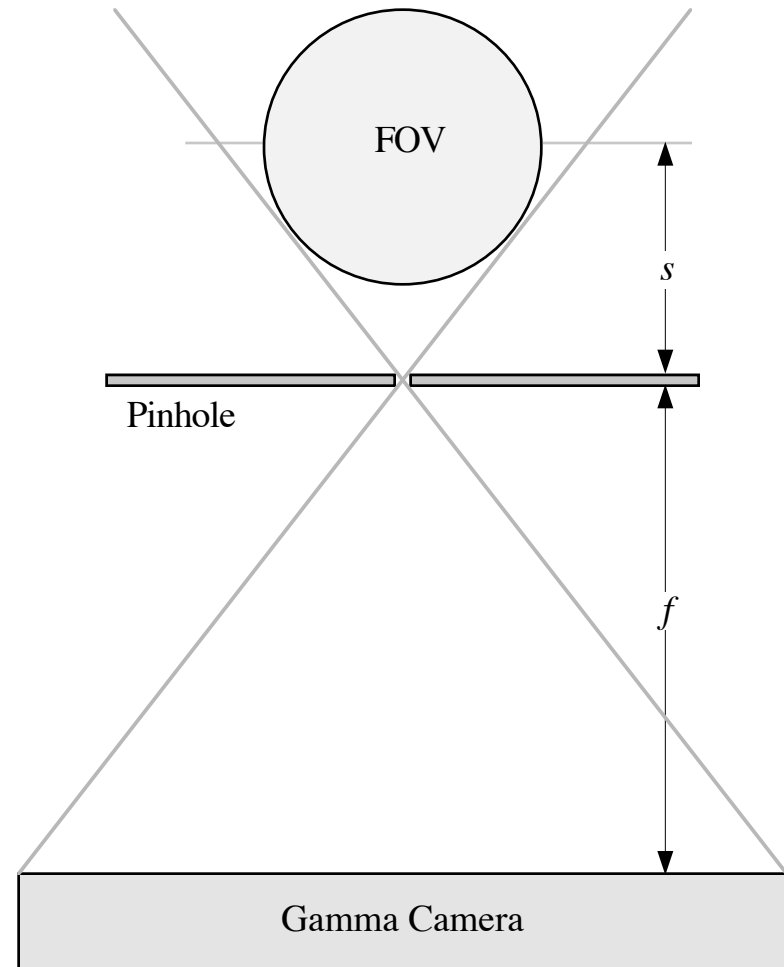
- Designed “sharpness” of the focused collimator

# FOV: Pinhole Camera

Small Source Configuration

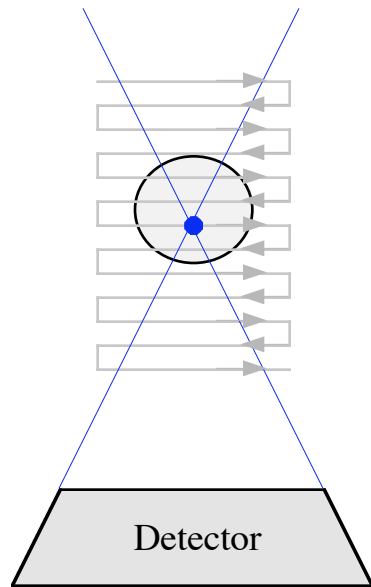


Large Source Configuration

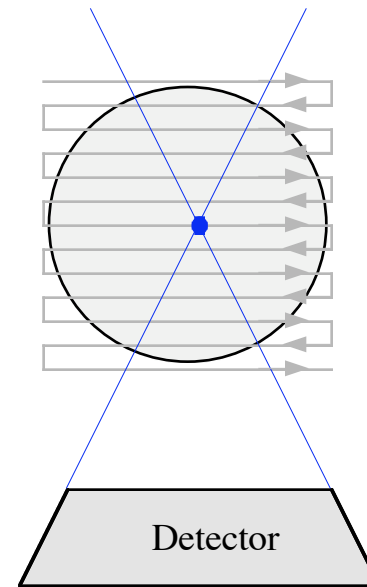


# FOV: Scanning Microscope

Small Source



Large Source



## Accommodations

- Variable scan range and/or time-on-target
- No configuration change

# FOV: Comparison

**Pinhole Camera:** Resolution and/or sensitivity rapidly degrade with FOV

**Scanning Microscope:** Resolution and sensitivity independent of FOV

Sensitivity vs FOV at Constant Resolution

